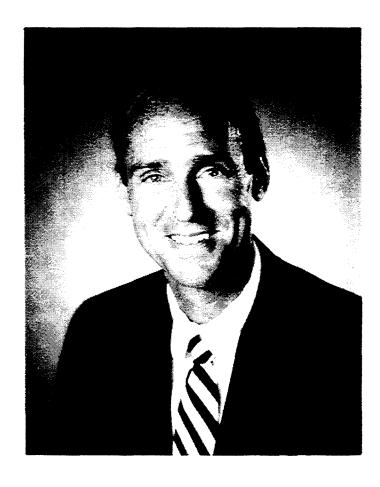
## **BUILDING BRIDGES**

1	Our speaker today is the honorable
2	Eric Andell. He is the judge of the 315th Family District Court here in Harris County.
<b></b>	Texas. Judge Andell is very well known, and is
3	respected in this area. I've met him several times. I've met him in the courtroom. I've
4	met him in politics, and we've done the
5	television circuits before. Most recently, he and I did the legal arguments and presentations
6	on a television show where Kathrine McGuire, who recently completed her sex reassignment
7	surgery, did a two-day stint on a local television show. I also know Judge Andell
8	through the University of Houston Law School Alumni Association. He is a very active
9	person. He is extremely giving of his time and energy. He's just a good person, and I want
10	you to meet him and welcome him today, Judge Andell.
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JUDGE ANDEL:

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I'm smiling because anyone who has 14 done any public speaking at all, knows one would not want to follow that.

When Phyllis asked me to speak here, I said, "Yes." Without reservation or qualification and I said, "But Phyllis, don't do anything and put me behind the eight ball. I mean after all, I'm already the leadoff speaker at this conference which is something as a public speaker, you don't want to be. You never want to be two things: One, a luncheon speaker, and number two, the leadoff speaker. Phyllis, in her own style, said, "Yes, but

Eric, that makes you the anchor of our 21 conference." Actually I had not thought about

that. The anchor of the conference. I went 22 out and bought a new suit. I got this new tie -- you didn't see that. Then I looked up the 23 definition of anchor. Dead -- dead weight.

24 You have to know Phyllis to understand her, but her engineering background will tell

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you how precise she is and organized she is. I'm not going to say that she called me every day to asked me if I was prepared and whether my speech was ready or not, but let's just say memos and letters and faxes and meetings, whereupon, she kept asking me, "Do you know what your going to say, and what are you going to say?" I kept assuring her that, "Don't worry, I will have something to say when I get there." As recently as 12:25 when I showed up, same thing. She asked me, "Well, what are you going to say?" And I wasn't sure what I was going to say even at 12:25, because I had to ask Fhyllis one question that I forgot to ask her. Am I making a speech, or is this a keynote address? There's a difference. If it's a 10 speech, then I have to impart to you what you

speech, then I have to impart to you what you would call technical information. You might leven want to take notes on, and verify what I'm saying as being the truth. If there is enough time, of course a good speaker never leaves

12 time, of course a good speaker never leaves enough time for questions, it's a speech. On

13 the other hand, if it's a keynote address, then I have to leave a message. She said, "Keynote."

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Perfect! Here's my message: Bridges.

15 Now, I may not get back to it, but I have to leave you a thought. So my thought is

bridges. I hope that I can get back to it because the thought of bridges came to me this

' morning while I was running. That's when I thought about what I was going to say to you.

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I am the only trial court judge that you will have as a speaker. And that makes a big difference as we talk about the law and any issue, and in particular the issue that you meet on.

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I was in talking to Tom Kennedy who is 22 a columnist here for the Houston Post, and he called me because of the pro-choice issue that 23 was so prevelent here a couple of weeks ago during the convention. Because, frankly, as I explained to him, it is the judiciary that braces itself for the storm. The Executive

- 1 Branch is rhetoric. The Legislative Branch turns the rhetoric into political fire storm,
- 2 but it is the Judiciary that braces itself to interpret and rule on the laws as it is
- 3 written.
- We, the Judiciary, are the ones that get caught up in the fire storm of protest and
- 5 how we're going to interpret the law. The law, therefore, is transitionary. We don't make the
- 6 law because that's the Legislative Branch. We don't try to convince other people what the law
- 7 should be; that's the Executive Branch. We sure have to take care of, on a day-to-day
- 8 basis, how the State of Texas is going to tell you how to conduct your life. That's a very
- 9 scary thought: That the State should have vested interest in how individuals should
- 10 conduct themselves.
- As we look at the trial judges throughout the country, we see the storm flags
- 12 waving. We see that we are drawn upon more and more to micromanage families. Micromanage every
- 13 single decision that should or should not be made by an individual.

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- This to me, just as a personal note, 15 is a very scary thought. We don't really belong in the micromanagement of family decisions.
- 16 But the law dosen't give us much choice; that is, if the parties can't agree, and litigation
- is, if the parties can't agree, and litigation is the way we are going to resolve our
- problems, then the Trial Courts must step up 18 and decide how you will conduct yourselves with regard to your family and to yourself
- 19 individually.
- 20 So, let's lock at what I'm locking at. Let me see what I'm saying as I stand up
- 21 here. If I'm standing up here and looking out in the horizon, what's happening in the area of
- 22 family law? Where are we heading? What might we expect in the next ten years, and how does
- 23 that effect you? In other words, what does the '90s look like?

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Is it an abyss for individual rights

- 1 and privacy? Or is it going to be the dawning, the awakening of the spirit of individualism,
- 2 the right to privacy with the State not interfering so much into families' lives? It's
- 3 a mixed bag. It's a mixed bag.
- 4 Now, you all are going to have, and lawyers use this term "In horn-book fashion,"
- 5 what the law is. I'm not going to discuss to you what the law is because, frankly, we have
- 6 so many states represented here, who knows? Who knows what your Trial Court will or will
- 7 not do with the following issues? But, let me tell you what I think the trend is. If that
- 8 trend is balanced with the understanding that government really does not belong on a
- 9 micromanaged basis into your lives, then I think we're heading towards -- and I hope we're
- 10 heading towards an age of individualism.
- 11 Let me tell you the latest scenario that's going on in Texas. This will give you
- 12 some hint, or perhaps, some clue of where Texas might be heading. I wouldn't say that Texas is
- 13 the most progressive state in the United States. If we're not the most progressive, if
- 14 we're heading in this direction, then this might give us an idea, short of legislation
- 15 changing the direction, short of the Supreme Court of the United States changing our
- 16 direction. If we just let the pendulum swing where it is swinging now, where would we be
- 17 heading?
- 18 Let me give you an example. Right now the hot topic on the block in my Court is a
- 19 very interesting topic, and that's what makes the law such an interesting profession to be
- 20 in. It deals with a mother and a father, husband and wife. The wife decided that her
- 21 life was not exciting enough, which is fine. On a couple of evenings a week, she wanted a
- 22 little more excitement. She got some excitement, and she got pregnant. That's how
- 23 exciting her live was.
- 24 She came back home. She didn't hide her pregnancy. He confronted her. She says,

"I'm having this child." And he says, "Is it mine?" And she said, "No." He said, "I want it 2 to be mine." She said, "Okay." They reconciled their differences. They decided to keep this child. Now the law in the State of Texas is, it's presumed to be, it's presumed to be, the child of that marriage. It's an irrebuttable presumption for most part. 6 Well, they get a knock on the door, and low and behold, it's this male who says, "I've come to see my child." To which the mother says, "What child?" "The one that we had together, I am the biological father. I want to see my child." And then the husband, the legal father says, "No it's our child." The biological father has filed suit to see this 10 child. 11 It is one heck of a great question 12 because it ties in to what we're talking about here today. This is a cause of action that was unheard of ten to fifteen years ago. Who would 13 of even thought of it? That a biological father could interfere with a marriage, and 14 actually ask a Court to: (A), give that person 15 standing; (B), sue for paternity, and have access to that child. 15 There's a split in Texas as to what 17 I'm supposed to do. That's how it always happens, isn't it? One Court of Appeals says, "Absolutely not. You cannot do it." Another 18 Court of Appeals says, "Absolutely. The father's the father. That's the way it is." It's going 19 up to the Texas Supreme Court. I don't have time to wait for that decision, so I have to 20 make a decision. There's been some briefings 21 being done for me. 22 But my point is very clear. If you're going to look at the law as just being planted 23 in concrete, you will never get anywhere. The law changes as our attitudes change. And as 24 our thought processes think as to what should be done: What is in the best interest of the

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1 child?

The Family Code says that the Court must order visitation to the other parent. It says it. That is, in a divorce you're entitled to visit with the child. Now, there's also nothing in the Family Code that says you can't sue for custody. Nothing. There's absolutely nothing in the Family Code that says that. And, there's some little hooks in there that you've got to be familiar with. Number one, a child, age 12 or older in Texas, can designate with whom he or she would like to live. Number two, the only test is best interest. Well, what is that?

9 In other words, it's not a lay-down unless you lay down. It's not a lay-down 10 unless you lay down.

There's a burden of proof and it must be brought by the person who's preventing that action to be taken. But in terms of visitation, when the Court says, "You shall order visitation unless it is not in the best interest, AND -- conjunctive -- AND it would seriously impair the emotional and physical

well-being of the child.

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But whose burden is it? Is it your

16 burden to make that case by saying, "I am going to seriously and emotionally impair that

17 child," or is it the moving party that has to convince the court? I would submit to you that

18 I doubt that burden can be sustained. I don't think there's a text somewhere that a person

19 can sustain that burden to prevent anyone from visiting their child.

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The fear that you have, though, and 21 this is the real fear, is that the cases, as you will find out, rest upon two things: The 22 welfare of the child, and the public interest.

23 Sometimes Courts can become very officious and decide for themselves what they 24 think the public interest is in such cases. When a court does that, here's what the

1 problems are. This is what Phyllis was indirectly elluding to. You can voluntarily

2 terminate your parent/child relationship, or you can get it done to you!

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In some of the cases that you will be 4 given in terms of briefs or otherwise, there are cases, few true, where a transgender

- 5 situation has sued just to see the child, and there was a crossaction to terminate the
- 6 parent/child relationship. "Not only don't I want you to see this child, but besides that,
- 7 public interest demands that you forever are precluded from seeing your child." There is at
- 8 least one case that did, in fact, terminate the parent/child relationship because of the
- 9 gender.
- That's the risk taking. That's the risk taking. And we're almost coming back to the bridge. That's the risk taking.
- 12 If this biological father, who had no rights according to any law that we know of,
- 13 stayed put and didn't want to ever see his child, then we would never know, would we, what
- 14 his rights are. We would never know. It is like is there any sounds in the forest when a
- 15 tree falls if no one's there? We just would never know, would we, if there weren't
- 16 pioneers. If there weren't persons willing to challenge the law to find out where the law is
- 17 or should be.
- 18 What's making the adoption case so difficult, and, therefore, the same areas with
- 19 regard to your rights, visitation, and custody is that there's a missing ingredient here that
- 20 people seem to forget. It's a growing body of law: That's the rights of the children. The
- 21 rights of the children. It is that hook that I think that tells me the law is heading towards
- 22 standing in all these cases, and the rights of those children to visit and see and be with and
- 23 know their family. I just have a feeling that's where we're going.

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I see it. I think the Supreme Court

- 1 of Texas is going to give this biological father the right to access into this married
- 2 home. And you talk about havoc? Think about that? I mean if the Courts would of believed
- 3 that Phyllis's scenerio was going to cause havoc, think about a third party coming in and
- 4 trying to explain who the uncle is.
- 5 It's just as complicated, if not more complicated. I have a feeling that the Supreme
- 6 Court is going to say, "Yes, that person has standing." But someone had to do it. Someone
- 7 had to step up to the line. Someone had to fight this issue out, and that's what brings me
- 8 to the bridge.
- 9 I was running this morning. I was
  worried because Phyllis was going to ask me if

  O I had thought of something to say. And had she
- 10 I had thought of something to say. And had she seen me at Memorial Park I would of had to say,
- 11 "No." And then I crossed a bridge. It dawned on me. It dawned on me. What is a bridge? A
- 12 bridge is a vehicle that enabled me to get from one spot to another spot easier. It just made
- 13 it easier for me to go from one spot to another over trouble. There's trouble underneath, and
- 14 it just made it easier for me. I could have gotten to the other side without a bridge. You
- 15 can get to the other side without a bridge.
- But someone built that bridge, and it sure made my life a lot easier. So, why are
- 17 you here today? You're here today to build a bridge. So it'll make it a lot easier for
- 18 people who follow to go from one side to the other, over those troubled waters.

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- They can get there. Phyllis got there 20 without the bridge, didn't she? She did get there. You can get there without the bridge.
- 21 But wouldn't it have been nice to have been able to use a bridge to get from one point to
- 22 another.
- 23 And that's my message to you. Those are my thoughts to you. If I can flow ever so 24 easily into a quote. I hope I can find it
- 24 easily into a quote. I hope I can find it without breaking the momentum here. I wanted

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2 3 4	applicable to building bridges and taking the kind of leadership that it takes to fight for something that you know is right. The person that said this is someone I think we're all familiar with. Well, you're all too young, I shouldn't say that. John F. Kennedy.
5	"Each time," and I'll use his language, so don't take any offense. "Each time a man stands up for an ideal, or acts to improve the lot of others, or strikes out against injustice, he sends forth a tiny ripple of hope, and crossing each other from a million different centers of energy, and daring those ripples build a current that can sweep down the mightiest walls of oppression and resistance. Moral courage is a greater commodity than bravery in battle or greater intelligence. Yet, it is the one essential — it is the one essential vital quality for those who seek to change a world that yields most painfully to
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12	change."
13 14	The bottom line is it takes courage to build bridges, and I believe you've got that kind of courage, and I commend you for it. Thank you.
15	PHYLLIS FRYE:
16	Usil Mr. Anghan yan usus sa dana
17	Well, Mr. Anchor, you were no dead weight. You're very inspiring, and we appreciate you being here.
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1 to close with a quote that I think it is very

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